## Flash flooding is possible or expected. Do you know what to do?

Before	•	Communication at an early stage is essential
	•	Alert your Community Emergency Response Team to the rainfall forecast, especially if
		heavy rain has started
	•	Be aware. Know the signs.
	•	Start local observations. Signs to watch for include:
		<ul> <li>Heavy rain and/or severe weather reports</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Rainfall not draining away, leading to surface water flooding</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Rising river levels, with dark churning water</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>A build-up of debris in rivers, which could give way and cause a wave of water to</li> </ul>
		surge
	•	Start an incident log
During	•	Report flooding and blockages that may increase flood risk: phone 0800 807060 and ask
		to speak to your local Flood Warning Duty Officer
	•	Call 999 if there's a risk to life, or if you're trapped
	•	Stay safe. Prioritise your own safety at all times
	•	Be ready to relocate to a safe place, if told to do so by the emergency services
	•	Do not walk or drive through flood water
	•	Provide support and guidance ahead of the arrival of the emergency services. For
		example:
		⊙ "Stay in a safe place with a means of escape.
		o If you're in a building with at least two storeys and believe it's safer to stay where
		you are, move to a higher storey of the building and wait for instructions from the
		emergency services. Turn off your gas, electricity and water mains supplies.
		<ul> <li>If you are in vulnerable accommodation e.g. bungalow, caravan or tent, seek</li> </ul>
		shelter in the nearest two storey building or go to higher ground
		<ul> <li>Be ready should you need to evacuate your home.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Cooperate with emergency services</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Do not walk or drive through flood water</li> </ul>
		o Call 999 if you're in immediate danger"
	•	Collect information about the flood, if it's safe to do so
		<ul> <li>Take photos</li> </ul>
		Note the date and time
	•	When emergency services arrive
		<ul> <li>Community Emergency Response Team coordinator to make themselves known to</li> </ul>
		the Operational Commander at an early stage
		<ul> <li>Provide an overview of the issues present. Relay concerns, local knowledge and</li> </ul>
		issues to relevant authorities.
		You may be asked to help relay information to the community (e.g. by door to door
		visits), such as areas to avoid/promote health, safety and well-being
		You may be asked to assist with evacuation
		Cooperate with emergency services  - You can provide valuable support by directing people to a place of sefety.
		You can provide valuable support by directing people to a place of safety     a temporary community shelter/official local authority rost centre.
		<ul> <li>e.g. temporary community shelter/official local authority rest centre</li> <li>Remember: Nobody has the powers to force people out of their homes</li> </ul>
		Liaise with emergency responders before interacting with the media, even if 'off the
	•	record'
After		
Aitei	•	Collect information about the flood, if it's safe to do so  o Take photos
		<ul> <li>lake photos</li> <li>Note the date and time</li> </ul>
		Help relay concerns, local knowledge and issues to the relevant authorities
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	•	Signpost flood recovery advice e.g. <a href="http://www.bdma.org.uk/publications/flooddocs">http://www.bdma.org.uk/publications/flooddocs</a>